



Natives - Pg 1



Indian Ricegrass - *Achnatherum hymenoides*

A native bunchgrass that is drought tolerant and prefers coarse or sandy soils 1-2 feet tall. Seed is highly nutritious for birds and small game. Drought tolerant. Full sun.



Common Yarrow - *Achillea millefolium*

Great for hot-sunny-dry sites. Fern-like foliage that can be mowed to 6-8" for groundcover effect. Spread by roots. Flat white flowerhead, 2-4" across atop 20" stalk, persists as brown, dry flower through winter. Use in dried floral arrangements. Attracts pollinators, drought Tolerant., full Sun.



Nodding Onion - *Allium cernuum*

A dozen or so pink to white flowers atop a shepherd's crook stem. Grass-like leaves to 12" - 16" tall. Prefers dry soils and open sites. Will bloom May – July. Drought tolerant. Full sun. Deer resistant.



****Limited quantities of all plants, so inclusion on this list is no guarantee of availability****



Natives - Pg 2



Serviceberry - *Amelanchier alnifolia*

A loose shrub with upright limbs fanning out at crown. Thrives in all soil types but gets leggy in the shade. Height is 6-15'. Seasonal interest with white flowers in EARLY spring, blue berries in summer and yellow leaves in fall. Drought tolerant. Full sun.



Big Basin Sage - *Artemisia tridentata tridentata*

Semi-evergreen shrub, 3-4' tall at maturity. A slow growing shrub with beautiful green, silver or grey foliage. Yellow blooms in the fall. Prefers sunny, dry conditions with rocky slopes in the western drylands. Drought tolerant, semi-evergreen, full sun.



Shaggy Fleabane - *Erigeron pumilis*

Sandy or stony soil of grasslands, sagebrush steppe, & woodlands often among the sagebrush. Blooms April – June. Pollinator friendly.



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Natives - Pg 3

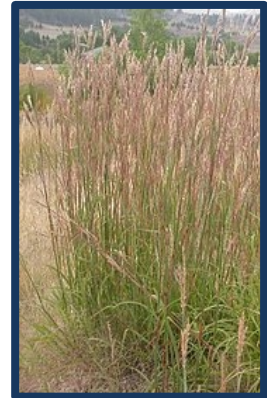


Pearly Everlasting - *Anaphalis margaritacea*

Best in sunny areas. Clusters of flowerheads atop a 2' stem, surrounded by pearly white colored dry, papery bracts. Low growing clumps of silvery leaves. May be dried for indoor arrangements. Found in forest openings and disturbed sites. Drought tolerant. 18" – 24" tall. Full Sun. Deer resistant.

Big Bluestem - *Andropogon gerardii*

A warm-season bunchgrass thrives in moderate moisture but will tolerate drought once established. Deeply rooted 6-10', spreads by tough rhizomes creating dense stands 3-9' tall. The base of the stem turns blue or purple as it matures. Excellent wildlife cover. Full Sun.



Rosy Pussytoes - *Antennaria microphylla*

This evergreen groundcover can be found from coastal locations up to 5000' or higher along meadow edges and rock outcroppings. It spreads by underground rhizomes, creating a mat with 2-12" white to pale pink flower stalks coming up out of the older leaf rosettes May-July. Foliage is gray and wooly, with rosy pink and pearly white blooms. Full sun, average soil, drought tolerant. Excellent choice in pollinator gardens!!



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Natives - Pg 4



Red Columbine - *Aquilegia Formosa*

Likes moist, partly shaded areas. Blooms May-August. Excellent for Hummingbirds and butterflies. 2 – 3' tall.



Kinnickinnick - *Arctostaphylos uva-ursi*

Ground-hugging evergreen plant for sun or part shade areas. Glossy green leaves change to red color in fall. Small, bell-shaped pink flowers in spring, followed by small, half-inch red berries. Tolerates poor soil, drought, and some shade, but growth is best in full sun.

Wild Ginger - *Asarum caudatum*

Groundcover for part or full shade. Bright green heart shaped leaves grow to 4" across, with beautiful purple/brown odd-shaped flowers that "hide" beneath the leaves. One of the best groundcovers for shady areas, their natural habitat is rich, moist forest floor. Prefers moist soils, part to full shade.



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Natives - Pg 5



Showy Milkweed - *Asclepias speciosa*

A unique ball of rose-colored star flowers sits atop velvety, blue-green foliage, 1½ -3' tall. Prefers moist soil and full sun. Pollinators LOVE this plant!

Blue Fescue - *Festuca glauca*

A unique ball of rose-colored star flowers sits atop velvety, blue-green foliage, 1½ -3' tall. Prefers moist soil and full sun. Pollinators LOVE this plant!



Sticky Geranium - *Geranium viscosissimum*

Busy plant 1-3' tall. Plant in sun or part shade. Sticky hairs cover stems and lower leaves. Dark pink to purple flowers late spring – summer. Drought tolerant.

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Natives - Pg 6



Western Aster - *Aster occidentalis*

Extremely adaptable and dependable plant for full sun to partial shade. Masses of showy, bright, daisy-like blue to purple flowers with yellow centers July through heavy frost. Utilized by many pollinators.

Arrowleaf Balsamroot - *Balsamorhiza sagitata*

For dry, sunny areas, sometimes partial shade. Arrow-shaped silvery green leaves up to 10" long. Large yellow daisy-like flowers in spring followed by seed pods. Very long taproot.

Does not transplant very well. Deer resistant.



Karl Foerster Grass - *Calamagrostis acutiflora*

Often the FIRST choice for an ornamental grass in the native landscape. 3-5' tall, and up to 24" wide, slender, upright, dark green arching leaves with reddish-brown flower spikes emerging June-August. Spikes turn tan in the fall and persist, providing winter interest. Cut back old foliage before any new growth has begun. Drought tolerant. Full sun.

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Natives - Pg 7



Pinegrass - *Calamagrostis rubescens*

An upland perennial grass that spreads by rhizomes and grows to 3'. Prefers to grow in mid-elevation Ponderosa Pine stands or other dry coniferous forest settings. Shallow root system is very thick and fibrous. Drought tolerant.

Tolerates partial sun.



Common Camas - *Camassia quamash*

For sunny, moist areas, although camas like dry conditions after flowering. Grass-like leaves up to 18". Several blue flowers atop a single stem in the spring. Drought tolerant after bloom.



Blue Bells - *Campanula rotundiflora*

A wonderful rock garden plant with flowers that extend 6" – 12". Excellent for attracting butterflies and hummingbirds.

Drought tolerant.



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Natives - Pg 8

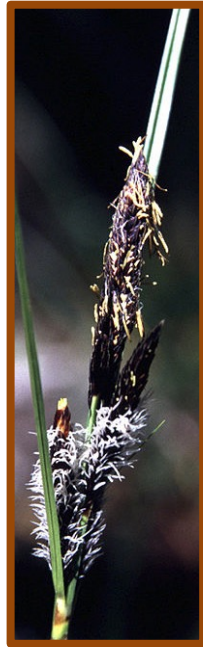


Blue Sedge - *Carex flacca*

Small, slow-growing, clumping grass with slender blue blades, 6-12". Spreads by rhizomes. Prefers at least partial shade and regular watering. With the unique powdery blue color and fine-bladed texture, plant in clusters for more visual impact, or along a border for definition. Sedges don't like to be pruned or cut back, so be conservative with the clippers! Not drought tolerant, part shade.

Slough Sedge - *Carex obnupta*

Native from BC south through CA, found commonly in freshwater wetlands but also tolerates saline conditions. It is considered evergreen with a coarse leaf texture, and fibrous root system that prefers fine to medium soils. Yellow inconspicuous flowers in early summer. Mature height 1'. Full sun to part shade.



Bottlebrush Sedge - *Carex hystericina*

Grows in dense, loose clumps of triangular stems in wet habitat. Spreads by short rhizomes. Can become very abundant. Not drought tolerant, Mature Height: up to 3'. Full sun to part shade.



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Natives - Pg 9



Clustered Field Sedge - *Carex praegracilis*

Native to much of North America in wetlands and seasonally wet meadows. Tolerates disturbed areas and thrives in alkaline soils. Produces sharply triangular stems up 3' tall from rhizomes. Not drought tolerant. Full Sun. LOOK for this in the Grasses Area.



Redstem Ceanothus - *Ceanothus sanguineus*

A northwest native. 3-10' tall, the new growth is green, turning red to purple in color with age. Dark green oval shaped leaves with serrated edges are a favorite of elk and many other grazers, including livestock. White or pinkish colored flowers. Prefers full sun and well-drained sites with soil that is low in nutrients. A great choice for erosion control and nitrogen fixing, it also provides habitat for many birds and small mammals. Drought tolerant. Full sun. Not deer resistant.



Rubber Rabbitbrush - *Chrysothamnus nauseosus*

For sunny, dry sites. Small, semi-evergreen, grey green leaves, yellow flowers bloom in fall. Grows to 3 feet. Drought tolerant and good erosion control. Deer resistant. Easily establishes in disturbed sites. Full sun.



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Natives - Pg 10



Low Green Rabbitbrush - *Chrysothamnus viscidiflorus*

Small, semi-evergreen plant grows to 2'. Sticky, grey-green leaves. Yellow flowers in early fall. Drought tolerant.



Elkhorn Clarkia - *Clarkia pulchella*

Also known as Deerhorn Clarkia, these late-spring blooming, annual, self-seeders will add a quick, colorful dose of color (pink to lavender) to your planting area. Does well in part-to-full sun and will tolerate dry conditions. Attracts pollinators. Each packet contains 1/2 gram of seed, and includes site preparation and sowing tips. Grows 6-12".



Prairie Coreopsis - *Coreopsis tinctoria*

Also known as Tickseed. This 1-2' annual is stunning planted en-masse that make beautiful cut flowers. Does well in full sun or partial shade, and prefers consistently moist soil. Excellent for attracting and feeding the 3Bs...birds, butterflies and bees. Considered an annual, but one plant may persist 2-3 years before fading out. Easily self-seeds or clumps can be divided.



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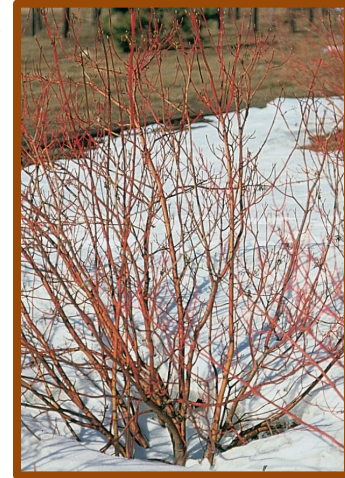


Natives - Pg 11



Redosier Dogwood - *Cornus sericea*

Many-stemmed, tall shrub to 10'. Takes partial shade, 1-3" clusters of white flowers in spring, followed by white berries in August. Bright red stems give striking winter interest. Habitat is moist soils, swamps, stream sides, and upland forest. Landscape uses: erosion control, wet areas, groupings, borders, hedges, and screens.



Tufted Hairgrass - *Deschampsia caespitosa*

Dense, clumping tufted grass for moist shady areas. Evergreen foliage. Grows 3 – 4 feet tall.



Purple Coneflower - *Echinacea purpurea*

Perennial wildflower 24-36" in height. Purple flowers May thru August. Used as herb for medicinal purposes. Excellent for attracting butterflies. Drought tolerant. Full sun.



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Natives - Pg 12



Blue Wild Rye - *Elymus glauca*

A bunch grass that tolerates drought, sun, partial shade, some grazing and mowing. Blue grey leaves grow 2-3 feet tall.

Threadleaf Fleabane - *Erigeron filifolius*

Yellow centered white, pink or blue blooms May-June sit atop thin stems with very fine, thread-like leaves. Commonly found in the wild growing with Sagebrush, well suited for a dry prairie scenario or rock garden.



Wyeth Buckwheat - *Erigeron heracleoides*

Wyeth Buckwheat blooms in early to midsummer and does well on rocky, open, dry sites. Flower color ranges from cream to pink. Blooms in early to mid-summer. Attracts pollinators. Cream-colored flowers in umbrella-shaped arrangements. Flowers may have a pink hue, and when dried turn a dark pink or rust color. The dried flowers hold their color well. Leaves are grayish-green. Great rock garden ground cover. Drought tolerant. 12 – 18” tall. Full sun.

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Natives - Pg 13



Showy Fleabane - *Erigeron speciosus*

Petite ray-like purple flowers with golden centers are borne many to a stem in June-September. Reaches 1-3' at maturity. Drought tolerant. Full sun. Deer resistant.



Snow Buckwheat - *Eriogonum niveum*

White pubescent leaves spread low to the ground on woody stems. Flowers in late summer with white flower stalks. Drought tolerant. 12-inch stalks. Full sun.



Sulfur Flower Buckwheat - *Eriogonum umbellatum*

A common perennial throughout the west. Cream to yellow blooms June through September sought after by butterflies change to orange or red as they fade. Prefers dry, well-drained soils. Mature height 1-3'. Full sun to part shade.



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Natives - Pg 14



Woolly Sunflower - *Eriophyllum lanatum*

Oregon Sunshine (also known as Woolly Sunflower) blooms early to mid-summer and thrives in dry areas. The gray wooly foliage is attractive prior to flowering. Clipping spent flower heads may increase bloom time. Drought tolerant. Mature height 6-12 inches. Full sun.

Woodland Strawberry - *Fragaria vesca*

Attractive spreading strawberry groundcover, white flowers and small strawberry fruit. Excellent for woodland settings. Keep runners pruned back because they can be invasive. It is necessary to divide the patch every 3-4 years and start a new patch for increased vigor. Younger plants are more vigorous and produce more berries. Not drought tolerant. Mature height 3-6 inches. Full to part sun.



Wild Strawberry - *Fragaria virginiana*

Yellowish-green leaves with white flowers and small strawberry fruits. Spreads by runners, but not as aggressive as Coastal Strawberry. Not drought tolerant. Mature height 6-8 inches. Full sun to part shade.

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Natives - Pg 15



Indian Blanket - *Gaillardia aristata*

For sunny areas. Large red and yellow daisy-like flowers, 1-3 inches across in summer. Plants grow to 2'. Drought tolerant, colorful additions to any perennial garden. Full sun.



Idaho Fescue - *Festuca idahoensis*

Drought tolerant clump grass for sunny sites. Bluish, wiry leaves grow to 12 inches, taller in moist sites. Full sun.



Fowl Mannagrass - *Glyceria striata*

This cool-season native bunchgrass is commonly found along lakes, swamps, marshes and wetlands. 2-4' tall, an important cover plant for waterfowl. Not drought tolerant. Full sun to part shade. Deer resistant.



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Natives - Pg 16



Prairie Smoke - *Geum triflorum*

Small red flowers followed by fluffy pink seed heads. Prefers well-drained soil and full sun but will tolerate partial shade. Also known as “Old Man’s Whiskers”. An important food source for insects emerging from hibernation. Evergreen. Mature height of leaves is 8”, flowers is 18”.



Prairie Junegrass - *Koeleria macrantha*

Widely distributed cool-season prairie grass. Plumes of silvery-green seed heads, up to 2’ tall. Does best in full sun and dry, sandy soils.



Roundleaved Alum Root - *Heuchera cylindrica*

An evergreen perennial to about 1 1/2’ tall. Grows best in light to medium, well-drained soils. Tolerates partial shade, but best in full sun. White blooms mid to late summer. Somewhat drought tolerant. Full sun to part shade. Deer resistant.



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Natives - Pg 17



Needle & Thread Grass - *Hesperostipa comata*

A native bunchgrass to approximately 3' depending on site. Commonly found amongst Sagebrush, Junipers and into Ponderosa Pine forests in well-drained sites. Will not tolerate extremes in acidity or alkalinity. The name comes from the sharp needle-like seed head and twisting "thread-like" awn. Provides good browse for big game and livestock before the seed has matured. Drought tolerant. Full sun.



Little Sunflower - *Helianthella uniflora*

This hardy little perennial blooms from fall through early spring. Does best in well drained soils and full sun. Drought tolerant. Mature height 2-4'. Full sun.



Tall Oregon Grape - *Mahonia aquifolium*

Evergreen holly-like plant for sun or part shade. Grows to 6' but can get taller with ample water. Has year-round interest with yellow flower clusters in spring in spring followed by blue edible "grapes" in the summer and fall and shiny green leaves through winter. Habitat is moist open sites but tolerates shade and drought.



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Natives - Pg 18



Oceanspray - *Holodiscus discolor*

Loose, attractive creamy flower plumes from May through July, followed by dried husks that remain long after flowering, sometimes through winter. Habitat is moist open sites. Drought tolerant. Grows 6-8' high. Full sun to part shade.

Blue Flax - *Linum lewisii*

Mostly unbranched leafy stems produce delicate blue flowers on slender stalks near the top. Found in open well drained prairies and meadows. Drought tolerant. 12- 18". Full sun.



Big Leaf Lupine - *Lupinus polyphyllus*

One of the largest of the lupine family, it can get up to 4' tall, and leaves can be up to 6" across, forming a circle. Blue flower spikes are up to 20" high. Commonly found along roadsides, moist meadows, forests and stream corridors. Not drought tolerant. Full sun.

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Natives - Pg 19



Creeping Oregon Grape - *Mahonia repens*

Similar to Tall Oregon Grape, but reaches only 1' in height, with lighter green, less spiny leaves. Same year-round interest, with yellow flowers, blue grape-like berries, from spring to fall. Drought tolerant. Evergreen. Full sun to part shade.

Western Bee Balm - *Monarda menthifolia*

Large lavender flowers – 3" across in lavender-pink. Mildew resistant foliage. 30" upright clump, with a 36-42" spread. Just as good in ditches and roadsides as in your backyard. Bright red seed heads in the fall. Moderately drought tolerant. Attracts bees, butterflies and hummingbirds. Full sun.



Taperleaf Penstemon - *Penstemon attenuatus*

Grows in dry meadows to moist rangelands. Prefers full sun. Blooms purple to blue mid-summer. Provides an excellent source of pollen and nectar for bees and butterflies.

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Natives - Pg 20



Firecracker Penstemon - *Penstemon eatonii*

An outstanding perennial for dry, sunny areas. Will also tolerate some shade. Green leathery leaves form a mound approximately 15" across, and 2-3' tall with beautiful red or coral tube-shaped blooms. Drought tolerant. Full sun. deer resistant. Full sun.



Little Flower Penstemon - *Penstemon procerus*

Blue or purple blooms mid-summer attract hummingbirds and butterflies. Found from low meadows to alpine climates along open woodlands, gravelly ditches and slopes. 12-16" tall. Moderately drought tolerant. Full sun to part shade. Deer resistant.



Rocky Mountain Penstemon - *Penstemon strictus*

For dry sunny areas. Grows 1-3' with long bluish-purple flower clusters. This is one of the most competitive Penstemons. May become aggressive, especially in a damp area. They do best in well-drained soils and tolerate cold and drought. Full sun.



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Natives - Pg 21



Blue Penstemon - *Penstemon venustus*

Native to the northwest. Spreading shrub, grows erect with thick, stiff, serrated, lance-shaped leaves. Bears showy tubular flowers. Cultivated for use in wilderness landscaping. Drought tolerant. Full sun.



Pacific Ninebark - *Physocarpus capitatus*

Dense shrub with flakey, peeling, layered bark. Ball-like clusters of white flowers. An important riparian species. Full sun to part shade in well-drained soils. Good for erosion control. A nice specimen shrub in the landscape that tolerates pruning. Drought tolerant. 3-8' tall. Deer resistant. Full sun to part shade.



Mockorange - *Philadelphus lewisii*

Shrub, to 8', tolerates partial shade. Bright green leaves, turn yellow in fall. Habitat varies: open forest, forest edges, moist or dry. Native Americans used straight stems for arrows, bows, and other implements. No berries. Drought tolerant. Full sun to part shade.



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Natives - Pg 22



Chokecherry - *Prunus virginiana*

Crooked shrub or small tree to 30'. Can take partial shade. Dark green leaves turn maroon and gold in fall. White, cone-shaped flower clusters in spring, followed by dark cherry colored berries. Use as a windbreak or screen. Moderately drought tolerant. Full sun.



Shrubby Cinquefoil - *Potentilla fruticosa*

Likes well-drained rich, clay or rocky soils and is drought tolerant. Small yellow or white flowers bloom until the first frost. Easy to transplant. Sun to partial shade. Tolerates pruning. Drought tolerant. Mature height 3-6". Deer resistant.

Antelope Bitterbrush - *Purshia tridentata*

Semi-evergreen shrub for dry sunny places. Small leathery leaves, with delicate yellow flowers. Very drought tolerant. Size varies from 3-10'.

Drought tolerant. Full sun.



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Natives - Pg 23



Bluebunch Wheatgrass - *Pseudoroegneria spicata*



Washington's State Grass. Important forage grass for wildlife that is useful in revegetating degraded areas. Often bluish in color with seedheads that stand out at an angle from the stem. Has extensive root systems that can compete with and suppress weeds. Does not tolerate excessive moisture. Drought tolerant. Mature height up to 3'. Full sun. LOOK for this in the Grasses Area.

Golden Currant - *Ribes aureum*

For sun or part shade. Reaches 6', more with water. Yellow trumpet-shaped flowers in spring, followed by soft, bright green leaves and yellow, red or dark berries. Very drought tolerant.



Smooth Sumac - *Rhus glabra*

Large shrub or small tree that grows to 15'. Very colorful and fast-growing. It's natural habitat is open uplands, forest edges, grasslands, clearings and roadsides in sandy soil. Native to 48 states. Drought tolerant. Full sun.



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Natives - Pg 24



Nootka Rose - *Rosa nutkana*

Best in full sun or partial shade. Reaches 4', single pink flowers, 2" across, usually in early summer, followed by orange rosehips in fall. Habitat is open meadows, stream sides, thickets. Flower petals can be used for jellies, sachets, etc. Can be dried or ground. Drought tolerant.



Red Flowering Currant - *Ribes sanguineum*

An upright shrub to approximately 6 feet tall for sun or part shade. 2-3" drooping red flowers bloom in spring followed by blue or black berries. A very showy plant that attracts butterflies, hummingbirds and bees. Drought tolerant. Full sun to part shade.



Woods Rose - *Rosa woodsia*

Grows up to 3' tall with pink flowers generally occurring in clusters of 3 or more. For sun or part shade. Edible red hips can be eaten raw, stewed, candied or made into preserves. Petals of flowers are pleasant tasting and can be candied or used in salads. Drought tolerant.



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Natives - Pg 25



Western Coneflower - *Rudbeckia occidentalis*

Unusual clump-forming perennial with brown-to-black cone “flowers” with tiny yellow petals atop 2-5’ stems. Blooms June-August in moist habitats. Perfect for the back border in perennial gardens. Bees, butterflies and birds pay close attention to this species from bloom through seed-set. Not drought tolerant. Full sun.



Purple Sage - *Salvia dorii*

Woody subshrub with narrow, grey-green leaves that have an intense but pleasant, mildly intoxicating minty aroma.

The scent is released when the foliage is handled or crushed. Flowers remain on plant after pollination, desiccated flowers remain weeks to months after flowering.

Drought tolerant. 4–28” mature height. Full sun.



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Natives - Pg 26



Blue Elderberry - *Sambucus cerulea*

Tall shrub for dry to moderately moist areas, in sun or part shade. Long, green 2-6" leaves. White, flat flower heads, 5-8" across in summer to August. Masses of small berries August and September, which may hang on after leaves drop in fall. Great berries for birds. People make jellies, jams, and wine. Mature height 15 feet. Drought tolerant. Full sun to part shade.



Greasewood - *Sarcobatus vermiculatus*

Greasewood is an important source of food for small mammals and birds. Aids in regeneration after disturbances (fire, herbicide use, etc.). drought tolerant. Flowers are green tinged with red. Small brown berries. Mature height is 2-8'. Full sun.



Wild Hollyhock - *Sidalcea oregana*

A tall perennial, also known as Oregon Checkermallow, with 1" purple to pink blossoms on a spike. Has a long bloom period when moisture is available. Prefers a well-drained site but will tolerate moist sites better than most prairie species. Sow seed in early spring to late fall. Drought tolerant. Grows to 2-3'. Full sun to part shade.



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Natives - Pg 27



Little Bluestem - *Schizachyrium scoparium*

To 18" on drier sites up to 3' in deep in fertile soils. With its blue-green leaves during the growing season and attractive rusty color with white fluffy seed heads in the fall, Little Bluestem is useful in ornamental plantings. Because of its growth habit and adaptability to a wide range of soil conditions, Little Bluestem is an ideal component of revegetation mixes. It is especially well-suited for use on thin upland range sites. Drought tolerant. Full sun to part shade.



Russet Buffaloberry - *Shepherdia canadensis*

A rounded shrub growing 6-8' with thick leathery gray-green foliage. Small yellow flowers are followed by yellow or red fruits.

The scaly white bark with orange dots gives a "rusty" appearance. Slow growing, tolerates poor soils. Wildlife forage on leaves and berries. Drought tolerant. Full sun to part shade.



Blue Eyed Grass - *Sisyrinchium idahoensis*

Thin grass like leaves come up in early spring. 4"-16" flower stalks produce small blue to purple flowers at tip of stalk. Not drought tolerant. Full sun to part shade.



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Natives - Pg 28



Prairie Dropseed - *Sporobolus heterolepis*

A low maintenance perennial, fine-textured grass. Forms clumps 2-3' high and wide. Slow to establish and slow growing. Unique pink-brown seed heads have a unique fragrance and persist into winter attracting birds. Tolerates full sun, poor soil and drought conditions.

Deer resistant.



Missouri Goldenrod - *Solidago missouriensis*

Found in dry, open sites or sparsely wooded areas, roadsides and gravelly slopes. A pioneer plant on disturbed land. Will tolerate partial shade. Grows 2-3', with yellow blooms July – first frost. Excellent for bees and butterflies. Full sun.



Munroe's Globemallow - *Sphaerolobos munroana*

Munroe's Globemallow is a hardy mid-to-late summer bloomer. Perfect for challenging hot, dry full-sun settings in just about any soil type, including clay! Very drought tolerant. Mature height 36-42".

Deer resistant. Full sun.



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Natives - Pg 29



Snowberry - *Symphoricarpos albus*

Fast growing shrub for sun or part shade. Grows to 4' in dry or moderately dry soils. Small pink or white flowers followed by white berries that persist through winter. Berries are poisonous to people, but not birds. Drought tolerant. Full sun to part shade.



Douglas Spirea - *Spirea douglasii*

Small shrub for sun or part shade. Grows 3-5', grows naturally in suckering clumps. Rose colored, 2 – 4" flower plumes in mid-summer. Prefers moist areas. Not drought tolerant. Full sun to shade.



Mountain Huckleberry - *Vaccinium membranaceum*

A Northwest delicacy! For partly shaded areas, may grow to 6'. Tiny white/pink blooms followed by purple-to-black edible berries. A common understory shrub, dry to moist coniferous forests and open areas. Ours are grown from seed, not very adaptable, and very difficult to transplant. But when you do, AND you're successful!? There's nothing better! Not drought tolerant. Prefers partial shade.



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